

MIDTERM EXAMINATION

MTH101- Calculus And Analytical Geometry (Session - 2)

Question No: 1 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

The set of rational number is a subset of

- ▶ Odd integers
- ▶ Real number
- ▶ Integers
- ▶ Natural numbers



Question No: 2 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

If $n-5$ is an even integer, what is the next larger consecutive even integer?

- ▶ $n-2$
- ▶ $n-4$
- ▶ $n-7$
- ▶ $n-3$

Question No: 3 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$(a - \delta, a) \cup (a, a + \delta)$ Can also be written as

- ▶ $0 < |x - a| < \delta$

▶ $0 > |x - a| > \delta$

▶ $0 > |x - a| > \delta + 1$

▶ None of these

Question No: 4 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x}$$

Equals to

▶ 1

▶ 2

▶ 3

▶ 0

Question No: 5 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$\frac{d}{dx} [\cos ec x] = \text{-----}$$

▶ None of these

▶ $\frac{-\cos x}{1 - \cos^2 x}$

▶ $\frac{\cos x}{1 - \cos^2 x}$

$$\frac{1}{1 - \cos^2 x}$$



Question No: 6 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$\frac{d}{dx}[\sec x] = \text{-----}$$

$$\frac{\sin x}{1 - \sin^2 x}$$



$$\frac{-\sin x}{1 - \sin^2 x}$$



$$\frac{1}{1 - \sin^2 x}$$



▶ None of these

Question No: 7 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

If g is differentiable at a point x and f is differentiable at a point $g(x)$, then the -----
----- is differentiable at point x .

▶ Composition $f(g(x))$

▶ Product $f(g(x))$

▶ Composition $f(g(x+f))$

▶ None of these

Question No: 8 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(g(x))] =$$



- ▶ $f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)$
- ▶ $f'(g(x)) + g'(x)$
- ▶ $f'(g(x)) \cdot f'(x)$
- ▶ None of these

Question No: 9 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

The base of the natural logarithm is

- ▶ 2.71
- ▶ 10
- ▶ 5
- ▶ None of these

Question No: 10 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

The set $\{x : a \leq x \leq b\}$ can be written in the form of interval

- ▶ (a,b)
- ▶ [a,b]
- ▶ (a,b]

- ▶ None of these

Question No: 11 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

The set of all points in the coordinate plane which are at a fixed distance away from a given fixed point represents

- ▶ Parabola
- ▶ Straight line
- ▶ Circle
- ▶ None of these

Question No: 12 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

For a graph to be symmetric about x-axis means, for each point (x,y) on the graph, the point ----- is also on the graph

- ▶ (x,-y)
- ▶ (-x,y)
- ▶ (-x,-y)
- ▶ None of these

Question No: 13 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

The equation of line of the form $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$ is known as

- ▶ Slope intercept form
- ▶ Point-slope form
- ▶ Two points form

